भारतसरकार GOVERNMENT OF INDIA पृथ्वीविज्ञानमंत्रालय MINISTRY OF EARTH SCIENCES भारतमौसमविज्ञानविभाग INDIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT





SOUTH WEST MONSOON SEASON REPORT 2024 HARYANA

Main Highlights

- Monsoon advanced some parts of Haryana on 28th June and covered entire state on 02nd July 2024.Earliest onset so far in Haryana is 13th June 2008 and latest is 27th July 1987.
- Long Range Forecast issued on 15th April 2024 for 2024 southwest monsoon seasonal (June to September) rainfall over the country as a whole is most likely to be above normal (>104% of the Long Period Average (LPA)). Quantitatively, the seasonal rainfall over the country as a whole is likely to be 106% of LPA with a model error of ± 5%.
- Monsoon rainfall (June September) was 108% of LPA for country as a whole and 107% of LPA for NW India.
- Haryana (including Chandigarh), State received 409.4 mm of rainfall (June-September) against its normal of 430.7 during monsoon 2024 with overall negative departure of 5% which is in normal range.
- Rainfall in Haryana was normal in year 2024. For last decade (since 2011) normal rainfall was recorded in year 2011 and 2018 also. Lowest rainfall in Haryana since 1901 was in year 1987 with overall deficit of 63.6%.
- Rainfall distribution for the month of June, July, August & September was 53%, 58%, 126% and 137% respectively.
- Out of 22 districts for which rainfall was reported in Haryana during monsoon 2024, 10 districts received normal rainfall, 3 districts received excess whereas rainfall in 08 districts was deficient and 1 was large excess. District Karnal observed highest deficit of 38 % and district Panchkula, Yamuna Nagar having deficit of 31% each respectively. District Nuh observed highest excess of 70% respectively.
- Monsoon withdrew from Haryana on 02th October 2024.
- The forecast for the rainfall over the country as whole during the season as a whole was correct as the realized rainfall is 108% of LPA against the forecast of 106% ± 4%.

1. Monsoon performance, rainfall distributions and associated Meteorological Conditions during Monsoon 2024 (June to September) in Haryana

Onset and Advance

Monsoon advanced insome parts of Haryana on 28th June and covered entire state on 2nd July 2024.Earliest onset so far in Haryana is 13thJune 2008 and latest is 27th July 1987.Monsoon advanced over Kerala coast on 30thMay coinciding with its normal date of arrival thereafter it followed normal pattern. Advancement of monsoon in Haryana is shown in Figure 1 below.

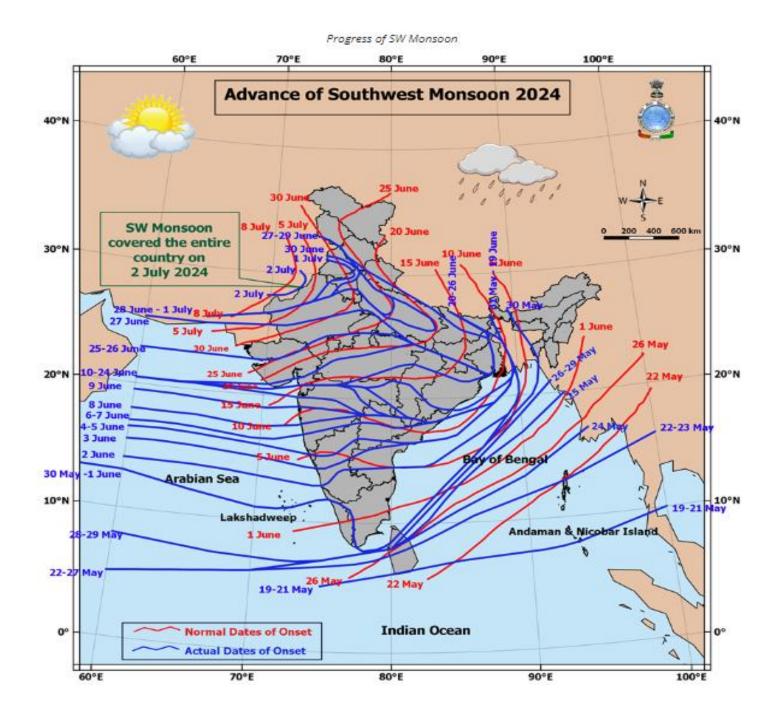


Figure 1: Advance of Southwest Monsoon 2024

Rainfall Distribution in Haryana

Haryana State received409.4mmof rainfall against its average of 426 mmwithnegative departure of05% during Monsoon 2024.Daily time series of rainfall from (June to September) during monsoon 2024in Haryana along with cumulative and normal is shown in Figure 2.Cumulative rainfall followed normal curve till ending August thereafter due to excess rainfall in the month of September overall deficit of 5 % was created. Rainfall during the month of September was 39% above LPA.

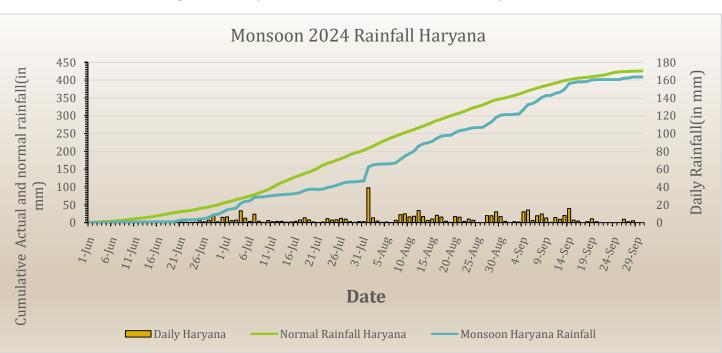
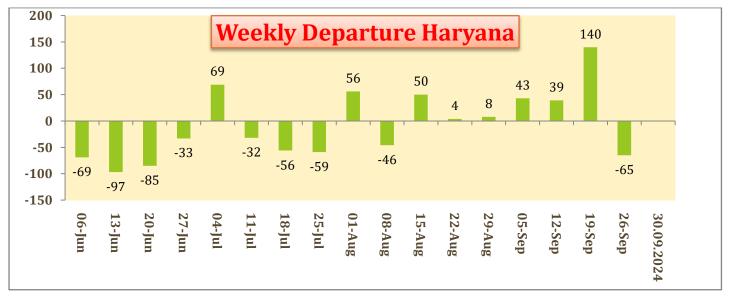


Figure 2: Daily cumulative Monsoon rainfall Haryana 2024

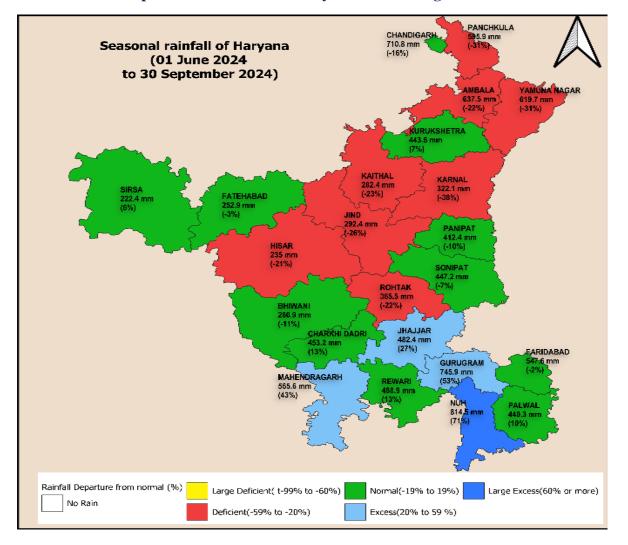
Weekly Departure of Rainfall

Weekly departure of Rainfall is shown in Figure 3. As evident from the Figure 3 there was very large positive departure of rainfall during 16thweek, large positive departures in 5th, 9th, 11th, 14th and 15th week and small positive departure in 12th and 13th week of monsoon season and in rest part of monsoon negative departures were seen.



District wise Rainfall Status

Out of 22 districts for which rainfall was reported in Haryana during monsoon 2024, 10 districts received normal rainfall,1 district received large excess,3 districts received excess whereas rainfall in 08 districts was deficient. District KARNAL observed highest deficit (-38 %) followed by district PANCHKULA (-31%). DistrictNUH observed highest positive departure in rainfall (+70%) followed by district GURUGRAM (+43%) andMAHENDRAGARH (+29%). Percentage departure of district wise rainfall from normal is shown in Figure 4 below.





Monsoon 2024 Rainfall									
Region	Actual Rainfall Long Period (mm) Average (mm)		% Of LPA						
All India	934.8	868.6	108%						
NW India	628.6	587.6	107%						
Haryana	409.4	430.7	95%						

Monthly Rainfall Distribution

Monthly rainfall distribution for the month of June, July August and September and for first & second half of Monsoon 2024for Haryanais shown below.

Months	Actual (mm)	Normal (mm)	% of LPA
June	29.3	55.3	-47
July	88.0	150.5	-42
August	186.4	147.7	26
September	105.7	77.2	37
June – July (1 st Half)	117.3	205.8	-43
August –September(2 nd Half)	292.1	224.9	30

Monsoon Rainfall trend since 1901-2024

Departure of Monsoon rainfall since 1901 for Haryana is shown in Figure 5.A peculiar feature of the last decade (2011-2024) is that it has been the longest period with negative departure of rainfall since 1901. Overall last 2 decades has seen more frequency of negative departures and deficit year as well.

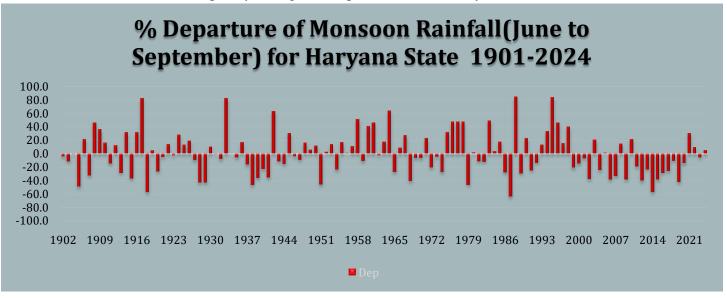


Figure 5: % Departure of Monsoon rainfall since 1901 for Haryana.

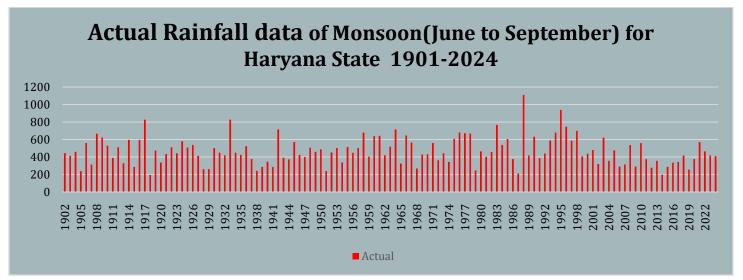
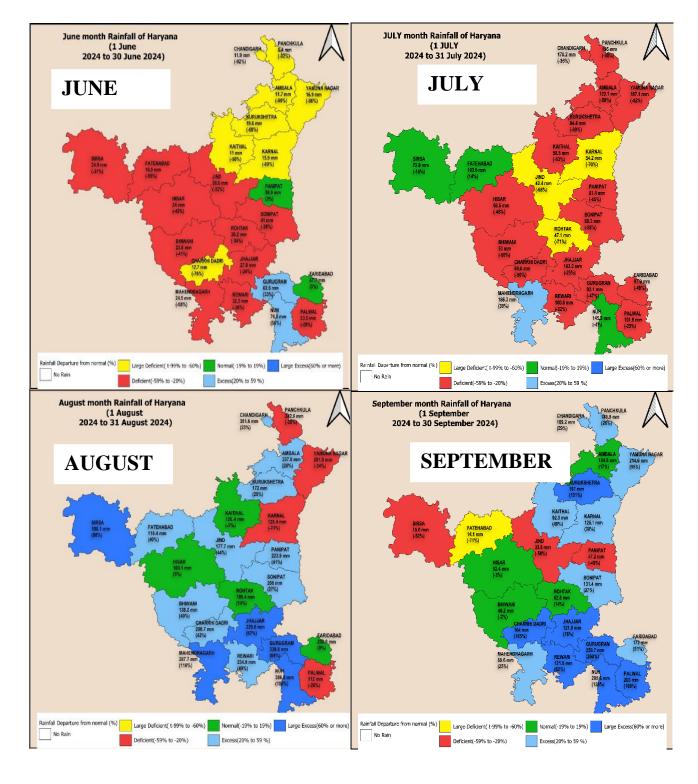
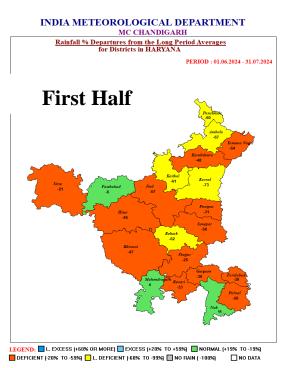


Figure 6: Actual Rainfall of Monsoon since 1901 for Haryana.

District wise excess, large excess, deficient, large deficient and normal rainfall for month of June, July, August and Septemberof Monsoon 2024 in Haryana is shown in the following table.

MONTHS	L.EXCESS	EXCESS	NORMAL	DEFICIENT	LARGE DEFICIENT	NO RAIN
June	0	2	2	11	7	0
July	0	1	3	15	3	0
August	5	9	4	4	0	0
September	7	7	4	3	1	0
Season	1	3	10	8	0	0







 LEGEND:
 L. EXCESS (+60% OR MORE)
 EXCESS (+20% T0 +59%)
 MORMAL (+19% T0 -19%)

 DEFICIENT (-20% TO -59%)
 L. DEFICIENT (-60% TO -99%)
 NO RAIN (-100%)
 NO DATA

Main Features of Monthly Rainfall during Monsoon : June

- In June 2024, Haryana state received 29.3 mm of rainfall against 55.3 mm of long period average which is 47% less than LPA.
- Highest rainfall in Haryana during last 124 (1901–2024) is 162.1 mm inyear 1936(June) which was 330.8% of LPA followed by year 2001 and 2008 with rainfall of 155.1 mm and 150.6 mm respectively.
- The rainfall during June 2024 was47% less than LPA with18districts showing negative departures and 4 districts showing positive departures from LPA.

<u>July</u>

- State received 87.8 mm of rainfall in July 2024 against its normal rainfall of 150.5 mm which is 42% less than LPA.
- Highest rainfall received in Haryana during July month during (1901–2024) was in year 1964 when state received 390.8 mm of rainfall against its normal rainfall of 150.3 mm which is 260% of LPA followed by 1988 and 1994 when state received 389.8 mm and 346.3 mm of rainfall respectively.
- Lowest rainfall in July during (1901-2024) was in 1918 when state received 19.8 mm of rainfall against 157.1 mm with deficit of 87.7% followed by year 2004 and 1911 when rainfall was 21.0 mm and 27.6 mm respectively.
- The rainfall during July 2024 was 42% less than LPA with 20 districts showing negative departures and 2 districts showing positive departures from LPA.

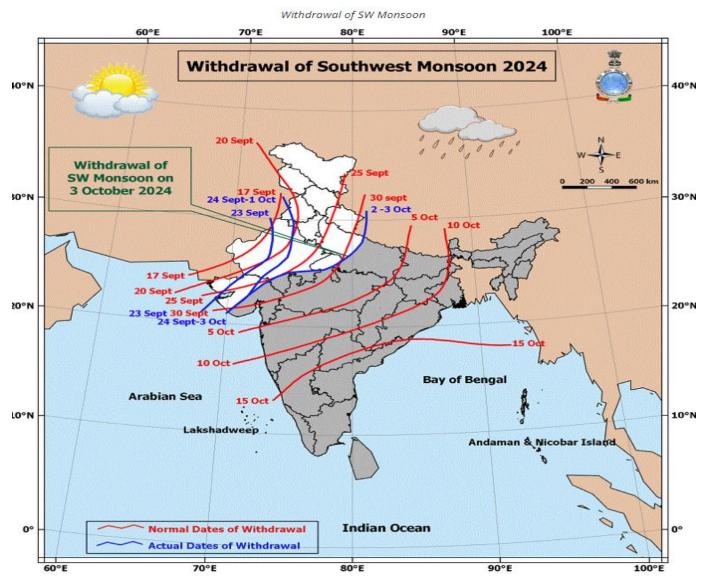
<u>August</u>

- In August month, Haryana received 186.6 mm of rainfall against its normal of 147.7 mm and was 26% more than LPA.
- The rainfall during August 2024 was 26% more than LPA with 05 districts showing negative departures and 17 districts showing positive departures from LPA.
- State experienced couple of heavy (7-11cm) to very heavy rainfall (12 20cm) in August 2024as shown in Tables given below.

September

- State received 105.7 mm of rainfall against it normal of 77.2 mm and was 37% more than LPA.
- During the last decade rainfall was highest in the year 2018 followed by this year wherein state received 161%, 137% of rainfall excess rainfall from normal.
- Highest rainfall received in Haryana during September month during (1901–2024) was in year 1917 when state received 343.0 mm of rainfall against its normal rainfall of 103.0 mm which is 333 % of LPA followed by 1933 and 1945 when state received 316.2 mm and 293.7 mm of rainfall respectively.
- State experienced couple of spells of heavy rainfall (more than 7cm) during first week of September.

Withdrawal of Monsoon 2024



In view of setting up of North westerly winds over Northwest India and reduction of moisture in water vapour imageries in the region monsoon withdrew from Haryana on 02ndOctober 2024.

Vigorous and Active Days of Monsoon Season 2024 (Haryana)

Date	Monsoon Status
04-Jul-24	VIGOROUS
01-Aug-24	VIGOROUS
08-Aug-24	ACTIVE
10-Aug-24	ACTIVE
12-Aug-24	ACTIVE
16-Aug-24	ACTIVE
17-Aug-24	ACTIVE
21-Aug-24	ACTIVE
27-Aug-24	ACTIVE
29-Aug-24	ACTIVE
30-Aug-24	ACTIVE
04-Sep-24	ACTIVE
05-Sep-24	ACTIVE
07-Sep-24	ACTIVE
08-Sep-24	ACTIVE
13-Sep-24	ACTIVE
14-Sep-24	VIGOROUS

District wise Heavy to Very Heavy Rainfall Events(>6cm) (June to September) 2024 in Haryana

DIS	TRICT WISE HEAVY	RAINFALL EVENTS IN JUNE TO SE	CPTEMBER 2024 IN HARYA	NA
MONTH	DATE	STATION	DISTRICT	RAINFALL(incm)
[+]	06/28/2024	Mandkhola Aws	Jhajjar	13
JUNE	06/28/2024 06/28/2024	Dhauj Gurgaon Aws	Faridabad Gurgaon	<u>12</u> 10
	06/28/2024	Sohana	Gurgaon	8
	06/28/2024	Loharu	Bhiwani	7
	07/04/2024	Jhirka	Nuh	8
	07/04/2024 07/04/2024	Ambala Rev Badli Rev	Ambala Jhajjar	<u> </u>
	07/04/2024	Beri	Jhajjar	6
JULY	07/04/2024	Barwala Rev	Jhajjar	6
1	07/04/2024	Sohana	Gurgaon	6
	07/04/2024 07/04/2024	Jhirka Ambala Rev	Nuh Ambala	8
	07/04/2024	Badli Rev	Jhajjar	6
	07/04/2024	Beri	Jhajjar	6
	08/01/2024	Ambala Cantt	Ambala	18
	08/01/2024	Ambala	Ambala	14
	08/01/2024 08/01/2024	Mulana Nahar Rev	Ambala Rewari	<u> </u>
	08/01/2024	Kosli	Rewari	13
	08/01/2024	Gurgaon Aws	Gurgaon	12
	08/01/2024	Ambala Rev	Ambala	<u> </u>
	08/01/2024 08/01/2024	Jhirka Sahlawas	Nuh Jhajjar	11
	08/01/2024	Gurgaon Rev	Gurgaon	11
	08/01/2024	Palhawas Rev	Rewari	10
	08/01/2024	Madluda Rev	Panipat	<u> </u>
	08/12/2024 08/12/2024	Chandigarh Chandigarh Aws	Chandigarh Chandigarh	13
AUGUST	08/12/2024	Ambala Rev	Ambala	11
5	08/12/2024	Chandigarh Iaf	Chandigarh	8
5 –	08/12/2024 08/12/2024	Ambala Gurgaon Kvk Aws	Ambala Gurgaon	8
	08/12/2024	Sohana	Gurgaon	7
	08/12/2024	Manesar Rev	Gurgaon	7
	08/12/2024	Gurgaon Rev	Gurgaon	7
	08/12/2024 08/12/2024	Panchkula Nilokheri	Panchkula Karnal	7 7
	08/12/2024	Kalka	Panchkula	7
	08/12/2024	Shahbad	Kurukshetra	6
	08/12/2024	Ambala Cantt	Ambala	6
	08/29/2024 08/29/2024	Samalkha Ismailabad	Panipat Kurukshetra	<u> </u>
	08/29/2024	Ganaur	Sonipat	6
	08/29/2024	Israna	Sonipat	6
	08/29/2024	Jhansa Irr	Kurukshetra	6
	09/04/2024 09/04/2024	Nilokheri Hissar	Karnal Hisar	8 7
	09/04/2024	Karnal Rev	Karnal	6
	09/04/2024	Jhansa Irr	Kurukshetra	6
	09/04/2024	Kurukshetra Kvk Aws	Kurukshetra	6
	09/04/2024 09/04/2024	Dubwali Nilokheri	Sirsa Karnal	6 8
	09/04/2024	Hissar	Hisar	7
	09/05/2024	Boundkalan Rev	Jhajjar	11
	09/05/2024 09/05/2024	Dadri Toye Edu Fmo Jhahhar	Rewari	9 8
	09/05/2024	Jnannar Farukhnagar	Yamuna Nagar Gurgaon	8
	09/05/2024	Nuh	Nuh	8
K L	09/05/2024	Tajewala	Yamuna Nagar	7
31	09/05/2024 09/05/2024	Dadri Sohana	Rewari Gurgaon	7 7
	09/05/2024	Sonana Manesar Rev	Gurgaon	7 7
	09/05/2024	Kalanaur	Rohtak	7
SEPTEMBER	09/14/2024	Pataudi	Gurgaon	21
À –	09/14/2024 09/14/2024	Nahar Rev Kosli	Rewari Rewari	<u>13</u> 13
H	09/14/2024	Palhawas Rev	Rewari	9
	09/14/2024	Taoru	Nuh	8
	09/14/2024	Faridabad	Faridabad	8
	09/14/2024	Dadri	Rewari	7
	09/14/2024	Sohana	Gurgaon	7
	09/14/2024	Nuh	Nuh	7
-				
	09/14/2024	Bhadkal	Bhiwani	7
	09/14/2024	Gurgaon Rev	Gurgaon	6
	09/14/2024	Manesar Rev	Gurgaon	6
	09/14/2024	Bahadurgarh	Jhajjar	6

District wise Very Heavy Rainfall Events (>12cm) June to September 2024 in Haryana

Dis	District wise very heavy rainfall events in June to September 2024 in											
	Haryana											
	DATE	DATEDISTRICTSTATIONRAINFALL (in cm)										
JUNE	06/28/2024	Mandkhola Aws	Jhajjar	13								
JULY	-	-	-	-								
AUG	08/01/2024	Ambala Cantt	Ambala	18								
	08/01/2024	Ambala	Ambala	14								
	08/01/2024	Mulana	Ambala	13								
	08/01/2024	Nahar Rev	Rewari	13								
	08/01/2024 Kosli Rewari 13											
SEPT	09/14/2024	Pataudi	Gurgaon	21								

HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAINFALL EVENTS IN DURING MONSOON 2024.

June: In the month of June 2024 one districts of Haryana received heavy to very heavy rainfall spell on 06thJune 2024

<u>August</u>:In the month of August2024 two districts of Haryanareceived heavy to very heavy rainfall spell on01thAugust2024

September: In the month of September 2024 one districts of Haryana received heavy to very heavy rainfall spell on 14thSeptember 2024.

Monsoon forecast verification 2024

The first stage forecast for the seasonal (June-September) rainfall over the country as a whole issued in April was 104% of LPA with a model error of \pm 5%. The updated forecast issued on 27th May was 106% of LPA with a model error of \pm 4% of LPA. The actual seasonal rainfall for the country as a whole was 108% of LPA.

Considering the four broad geographical regions of India, the forecasts issued in May for the seasonal rainfall over Northwest India, Central India, Northeast India and South Peninsula were 92-108%, 106%,94% & 106% of the LPA respectively with model errors of \pm 8%. The actual rainfall over Northwest India, Central India, Northeast India and South Peninsula was 107%, 119%, 086% and 114% of the LPA respectively. Thus, the forecasts of season rainfall over the Central India was underestimated to the actual rainfall, while the forecast for other regions were nearly estimated. Realized rainfall for Haryana was 95% of LPA hence was normal.

Region	Period	Stage of forecast	Forecast % of LPA	Actual rainfall %LPA	
All India	June-Sept	1 st Stage 15 th April	>104 ± 5%	108%	
All India	June-Sept	2nd Stage 27 th May	$106 \pm 4\%$	10070	
NW India	June-Sept	27 th May	$92-108 \pm 8\%$	107%	
Haryana	June-Sept	-	-	95%	

Forecast issued and realized rainfall monsoon 2024

Excess, Normal and Deficient Monsoon years in Haryana (1901-2024)

						H	Harya	na (1	901-2	2024)							
Mont	hly ar	nd sea	asonal	(June		ember)						0	trem	e Sou	thwes	t mon	soon
Exce	ss Mo	nsoo	n Rair	nfall Y	· ·	rs for t Defici			n Rair		v	ana Norm	al Mo	onsooi	n Rair	nfall Y	ears
YEAR	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	JJAS	YEAR	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	JJAS	YEAR		JUL	AUG	SEP	JJAS
1906	61.9	-5.8	-18	98.3	21.3	1901	-65	-17	24.9	-88	-25.1	1902	54.1	15.5	-29.7	-26.2	-4.1
1908	-74	36.6	190	-88	45.3	1905	-55	-36	-77	-24	-48.5	1903	-80.1	0.3	-1.8	-7.4	-10.9
1909	159	49.4	-19	32.4	35.6	1907	-73	-31	27.6	-99	-32.3	1904	-34.6	-18.7	22.2	10.8	-0.8
1914	-7.7	64.8	-32	87.6	31	1913	133	-24	-43	-91	-28	1910	29.3	-22.0	14.0	67.3	15.2
1916	27.2	-3.2	76.3	21	31	1915	-22	-55	-46	-3.3	-36.8	1911	16.1	-82.6	-59.5	137.3	-14.7
1917	41	25.6	49.1	233	81.8	1918	-25	-88	-8.7	-93	-56.9	1912	-46.0	8.1	-0.5	61.2	11.5
1924	-64	-35	20.1	176	27.4	1920	64.9	33.8	-75	-92	-25.8	1919	-81.3	41.6	32.2	-50.7	4.4
1933	186	-18	66.2	207	81.9	1928	-36	-18	-53	-70	-42.8	1921	-65.9	-37.0	57.9	-14.8	-4.8
1942	10.3	83.6	61.3	57.8	62.8	1929	-60	-16	-35	-86	-42.6	1922	67.2	-12.4	-24.5	81.3	13.5
1945	-25	-25	-7.8	189	29.9	1938	28.2	-28	-61	-90	-46.3	1923	-57.4	10.3	56.8	-80.2	-2.7
1958	-63	26.7	39.9	157	50.5	1939	77.8	-54	-68	-17	-35.9	1925	178.0	58.7	-20.7	-91.0	12.3
1960	-30	45.8	146	-84	40.4	1940	-31	-10	13	-86	-22.2	1926	-69.6	43.7	71.0	-53.3	18.2
1961	10.4	15.4	149	-35	45.7	1941	94	-77	-29	-42	-35.2	1927	-73.2	1.2	42.3	-67.0	-9.2
1964	-82	160	50.3	5.4	63.5	1951	-67	-68	-5.5	-57	-45.5	1930	44.6	97.2	-38.6	-71.8	9.9
1967	-59	14.1	94.4	-7.8	26.7	1954	-53	8.6	-74	11.4	-23.4	1931	-82.6	28.7	-16.7	15.4	-0.9
1971	47.1	7	77.1	-40	22.9	1965	-98	-28	-9.8	-18	-26.9	1932	-74.8	-18.7	-16.4	53.2	-7.8
1975	21.4	3.7	41.4	63.2	30.8	1968	-37	13.6	-58	-100	-40.6	1934	30.0	-4.5	52.5	-82.0	-0.1
1976	52.8	33.5	139	-59	47.1	1972	-50	-14	30.7	-85	-20.1	1935	-84.1	19.2	-13.8	6.2	-5.5
1977	20.2	104	23	5	47.2	1974	-35	16.9	-30	-86	-27	1936	230.8	-10.2	5.3	-31.0	16.3
1978	39.1	38.3	66.8	34.6	47	1979	-5	-11	-75	-78	-45.8	1937	3.3	10.4	-69.9	9.5	-16.2
1983	-16	78.9	79.8	-12	48	1986	46.7	-57	-12	-39	-27.6	1943	-44.5	-18.5	-2.4	3.9	-11.0
1988	74.9	94	62.7	103	83.7	1987	-9.7	-82	-44	-89	-63.6	1944	23.4	11.6	-34.9	-45.9	-15.2
1990	-9.8	-27	34.2	95.9	22.4	1989	-5.6	-40	-2.8	-61	-28.9	1946	75.2	-4.5	27.4	-81.1	-3.6
1994	27.7	98.1	24.7	-59	32.4	1991	42.1	-68	19.2	-57	-24.4	1947	-69.5	-59.4	-39.7	133.6	-8.6
1995	25.5	-0.6	161	117	83	1999	72.5	-15	-44	-35	-20.7	1948	-74.0	31.8	75.3	-51.2	15.2
1996	190	-30	76	49.1	45.4	2002	-33	-85	-35	44.1	-37.8	1949	-81.9	108.1	-60.5	-17.5	5.3
1998	128	21.7	4.2	81.5	39.6	2004	50.6	-88	48.9	-76	-24	1950	-74.6	35.5	13.3	10.0	11.0
2003	24.7	67.2	1.9	-37	20.3	2006	27.4	-13	-79	-41	-38.2	1952	15.1	-28.8	105.7	-99.0	2.4
2010	-53	4.3	10.3	108	20.9	2007	123	-57	-44	-43	-33.1	1953	30.9	62.1	8.8	-60.0	13.6

2021	2.0	64.0	-48.0	135.0	30	2009	-66	-54	-67	59.4	-38.2	1955	29.9	-28.8	25.7	64.2	16.2
						2012	-90	-67	-1	-40	-39.6	1956	-13.7	49.4	8.6	-76.8	0.7
						2013	33	-43	-6	-47	-23	1957	-50.6	33.7	-32.8	66.8	10.7
						2014	42.9	-56	-79.8	15.5	-56.5	1959	-56.6	-34.3	17.8	7.9	-10.5
						2015	-4	-22	-51	-60	-38	1962	-64.9	-2.0	-22.8	52.6	-2.5
						2016	-23	-5.3	-22.2	-82.9	-26.8	1963	-4.7	-58.3	103.5	19.2	16.6
						2017	167.0	-58.7	-58.1	2.0	-25.7	1966	121.6	-27.4	61.5	-55.7	8.3
						2019	-61	-17	-47	-72	-42	1969	-80.3	-15.5	-3.7	36.9	-6.4
												1970	38.5	-53.9	27.6	-2.9	-6.3
												1973	55.9	-26.5	32.2	-51.4	-4.3
												1980	-1.0	60.5	-30.5	-43.7	1.5
												1981	61.3	39.8	-49.9	-67.7	-10.8
												1982	-13.3	1.7	36.2	-95.0	-11.5
												1984	23.4	-4.7	27.3	-25.4	3.5
												1985	4.4	91.5	1.8	-64.3	17.1
												1992	-51.0	-24.3	24.9	-40.2	-13.2
												1993	22.9	77.9	-73.8	42.6	12.7
												1997	102.0	-6.3	52.5	-56.5	14.4
												2000	74.1	19.2	-41.1	-68.3	-14.8
												2001	204.7	6.3	-29.9	-88.1	-6.6
												2005	38.5	16.2	-67.4	84.9	1.3
												2008	249.4	-31.8	-1.8	18.3	14.1
												2011	76.9	-54.3	-32.2	29.7	-18.8
												2018	40.1	-10.6	-55.0	60.6	-9.7
												2020	0.4	7.0	-12.5	-68.4	-14.2
												2022	-34.0	48.0	-52.0	82.0	9.0
												2023	48.0	59.0	-60.0	-42.0	1.0
												2024	-47.0	-42.0	26.0	37.0	-5.0

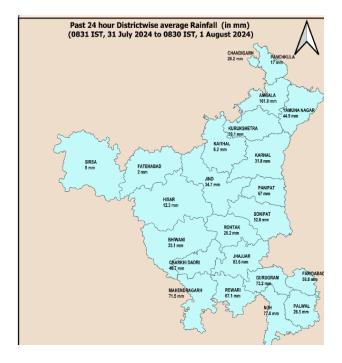
1. EVENT OF 31ST JULY TO 01ST AUGUST

SYNOPTIC FEATURES:

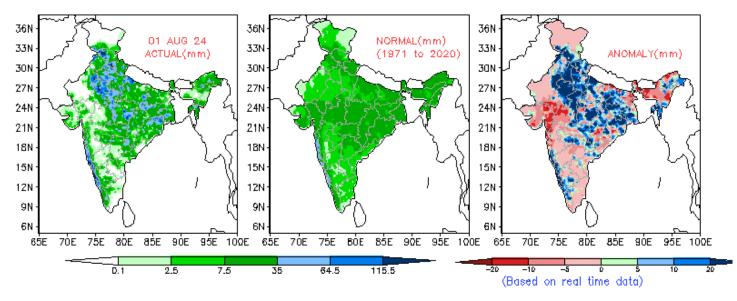
Monsoon trough at mean sea level moved northward and intensified during 31 July to 01st August 2024 and then move southward during 01st to 02nd August 2024. Also during this period there was large moisture flux from the Arabian sea

HEAVY RAINFALL EVENTS

DISTRICT WISE HEAVY RAINFALL EVENTS IN 1 st AUGUST 2024 IN HARYANA											
DATE	DISTRICT	STATION	RAINFALL(in cm)								
08/01/2024	Ambala Cantt	Ambala	18								
08/01/2024	Ambala	Ambala	14								
08/01/2024	Mulana	Ambala	13								
08/01/2024	Nahar Rev	Rewari	13								
08/01/2024	Kosli	Rewari	13								
08/01/2024	Gurgaon Aws	Gurgaon	12								
08/01/2024	Ambala Rev	Ambala	11								
08/01/2024	Jhirka	Nuh	11								
08/01/2024	Sahlawas	Jhajjar	11								
08/01/2024	Gurgaon Rev	Gurgaon	11								
08/01/2024	Palhawas Rev	Rewari	10								
08/01/2024	Madluda Rev	Panipat	10								

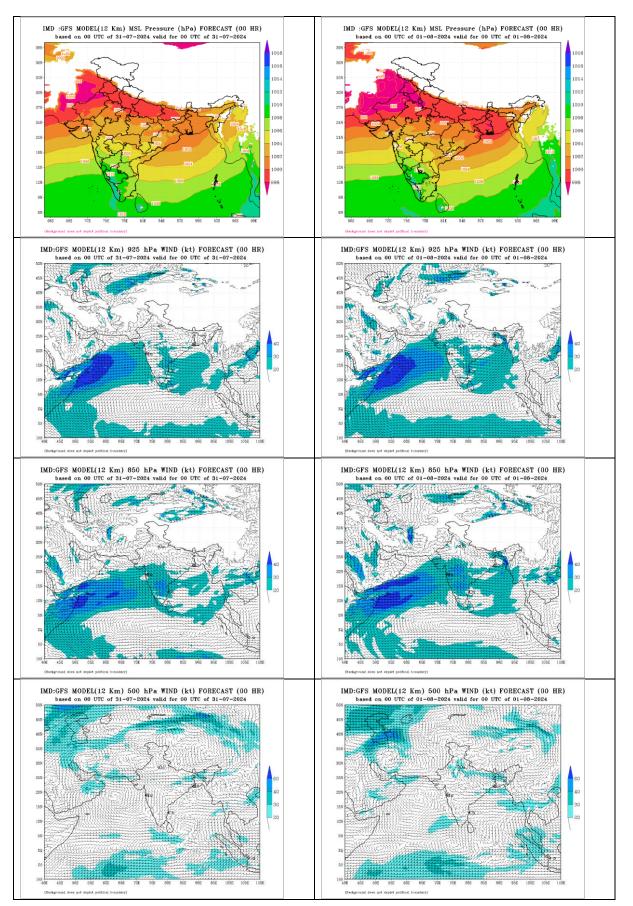


CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION GROUP Past 24 hours Rainfall Recorded at 0830 hrs IST on 01 AUG 24



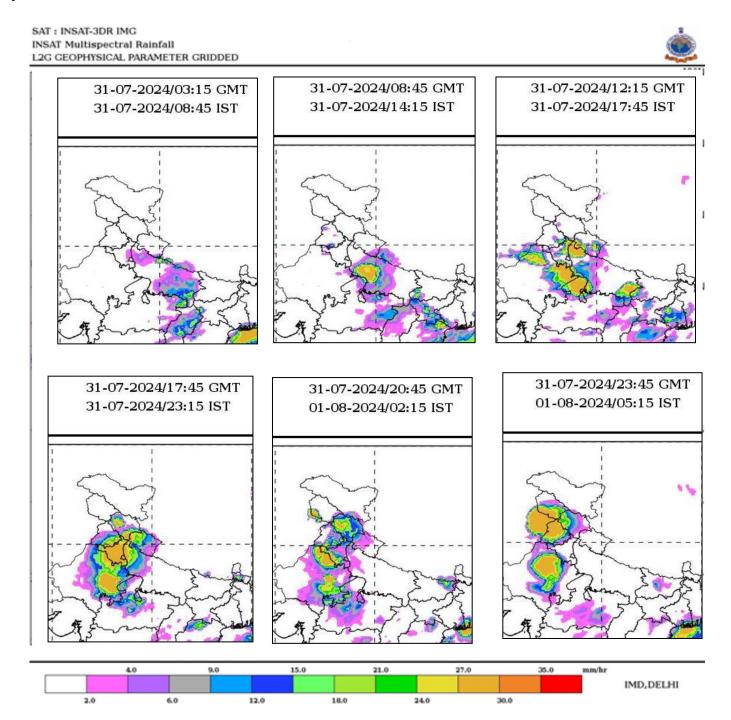
MODEL ANALYSIS

GFS Analysis Charts showing the northward movement and organization of Monsoon trough during 31st July to 1st August 2024. Also, during same time moisture flux associated with somalin jet was high.



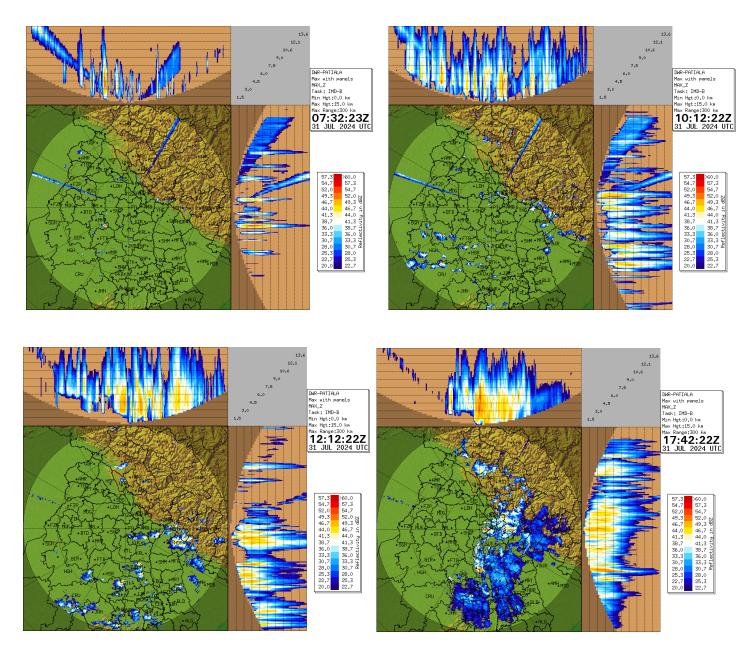
SATELLITE ANALYSIS

As seen in the satellite imagery Convective cloud mass started developing over western Uttar Pradesh around 0300 UTC of 31st July 2024 this cloud mass gradually shifted westwards towards South Eastern and northern parts of Haryana and Adjoining West Uttar Pradesh by 1215UTC. Also, a convective cloud mass also started developing over western parts of Haryana (Sirsa, Fatehabad, Hisar Districts and Adjoining in areas) around 0700UTC of 31st July and was fully organized by 1215UTC. Convection continued to develop and both the cloud masses merged around 1745UTC causing maximum intensity. Then complete cloud mass shifted westward towards Punjab and Rajasthan by 2345UTC



Radar Analysis:

In Radar Imagery also convention pattern was similar to what was observed in Satellite imagery. Convection was maximum in intensity and distribution around 1742UTCof 31st July 2024 with maximum cloud height reaching up to 12 km.





भारतसरकार GOVERNMENT OF INDIA पृथ्वीविज्ञानमंत्रालय MINISTRY OF EARTH SCIENCES भारतमौसमविज्ञानविभाग INDIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT मौसमविज्ञान केंद्रचंडीगढ़ METEOROLOGICAL CENTRE CHANDIGARH

https://mausam.imd.gov.in/chandigarh

जारी करने का समय :1300

भा.स.मा.

दिनांक :31-07-2024

<u>मौसम चेतावनी हरियाणा</u>

मौसम चेतावनी बुलेटिनसंख्या .FS(W)/31/जुलाई 2024

Note: Forecast/Warning for any day is valid from 0830 hours IST of that day till 0830 hours IST of next day

	Note: Forecast/Warni	31-07-24	01-08-24	02-08-24	03-08-24	04-08-24
क्षेत्र	ज़िले	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी
	चंडीगढ़ CHANDIGARH	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
	पंचकुला PANCHKULA	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारी से बहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL
Ŧ	अंबाला AMBALA	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारी से बहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
उत्तर/NORTH	यमुनानगर YAMUNANAGAR	भारी से बहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारी से बहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL
31	कुरुक्षेत्र KURUKSHETRA	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
	कैथल KAITHAL	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारी से बहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
	करनाल KARNAL	भारी से बहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारी वर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL

क्षेत्र	ज़िले	31-07-24	01-08-24	02-08-24	03-08-24	04-08-24
ୁ ହା ମ	19101	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी
	महेन्द्रगढ़mahendergar H	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
	रेवाड़ी REWARI	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
AST	झज्जर JHAJJAR	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
SOUTH EAST	गुरुग्राम GURUGRAM	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
/SOUTH & S	मेवात MEWAT	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
भूष	पलवल PALWAL	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
दक्षिण और दक्षिण	फ़रीदाबाद FARIDABAD	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
दक्षिण	रोहतक ROHTAK	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
	सोनीपत SONIPAT	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
	पानीपत PANIPAT	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL

क्षेत्र	ज़िले	31-07-24	01-08-24	02-08-24	03-08-24	04-08-24
		चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी	चेतावनी
ST	सिरसा SIRSA	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
SOUTH WEST	फ़तेहाबाद FATEHABAD	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
જ	हिसार HISAR	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
वम और दक्षिण पश्चिम /WEST	जींद JIND	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारी सेबहुत भारी वर्षा HEAVY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
	भिवानी BHIWANI	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	NIL
पश्चिम	चरखीदादरी CHARKHI DADRI	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	भारीवर्षा HEAVY RAIN	NIL	NIL	™

मौसम विज्ञान केंद्र, चंडीगढ़

भारतसरकार पृथ्वीविज्ञानमंत्रालय भारतमौसमविज्ञानविभाग मौसमकेंद्रचंडीगढ़



Government of India Ministry of Earth Sciences India Meteorological Department Meteorological Centre, Chandigarh

<u>प्रेसविज्ञप्ति</u> <u>PRESS RELEASE</u>

दिनांक: 31.07.2024 जारी करने का समय: 1600भा.स.मा.

विषय:पंजाब, हरियाणा और चंडीगढ़ में 31 जुलाई से 1अगस्त2024 के दौरान वर्षा गतिविधि में वृद्धि के संबंध में।

Subject: Regarding increase in rainfall activity over Punjab, Haryana and Chandigarh during 31st July to 1stAugust 2024.

मौसम पूर्वानुमान और चेतावनी

- पंजाबऔर हरियाणासहित चंडीगढ़में 31जुलाई से 1 अगस्त 2024 को अधिकांश स्थानों पर हल्की से मध्यम वर्षा होने की संभावना है।
- पंजाबऔर हरियाणासहित चंडीगढ़में 2अगस्त से 3अगस्त 2024 के दौरान कुछ स्थानों पर हल्की से मध्यम वर्षा होने की संभावना है।
- उपरोक्त के प्रभाव में हरियाणा, चंडीगढ़ और पंजाब मेंइस अवधि के दौरान कुछ स्थानों पर गरजचमक की संभावना है।/
- 31 जुलाई से 1 अगस्त 2024को चंडीगढ़ व आसपास के क्षेत्रों में मध्यमसे भारी वर्षा होने की संभावना है।
- पंजाब और हरियाणा में 31 जुलाई से 1 अगस्त को कुछ स्थानों पर भारी से अति भारी वर्षा हो सकती है। 2 अगस्तसेपंजाब और हरियाणा में कुछ स्थानों पर भारी बारिश होने की संभावना है।
- इस संबंध में अपडेट समय समय पर जारीकिये-जाएंगे
- कृपया इस संबंध में जारी किए गए विस्तृत जिलावार पूर्वानुमान और चेतावनियों को देखें-।पंजाब और हरियाणा के लिए दिन 7-वार मौसम की चेतावनियाँ अन्बंध-में दी गई हैं।

Weather Forecast and Warning –

- Light to moderate rain likely at most places on 31st July and 01st August over Punjab and Haryana including Chandigarh.
- Light to moderate rain likely at few places over both states including Chandigarh during 02nd August to 03rd August 2024.
- Thunderstorm/Lightning likely at isolated places over Punjab, Haryana and Chandigarh during the Period.
- Moderate to Heavy rain at isolated over Chandigarh and adjoining areas on 31st July to 01st August 2024.
- <u>Heavy to Very Heavy rainfall likely at isolated places on 31st July to 01st August 2024over Punjab and</u> <u>Haryana. Heavy Rainfall also likely at isolated places during 2nd August over both states</u>
- Kindly Refer to Detailed District-wise forecast and warnings issued in this regard.Day wise weatherwarnings are given in Annexure-1 for Punjab and Haryana.

EXPECTED IMPACTS AND SUGGESTED MEASURES FOR HEAVEY TO VERY HEAVY RAIN (During 31stJuly to 01 August 2024 over Parts of Punjab and Haryana)

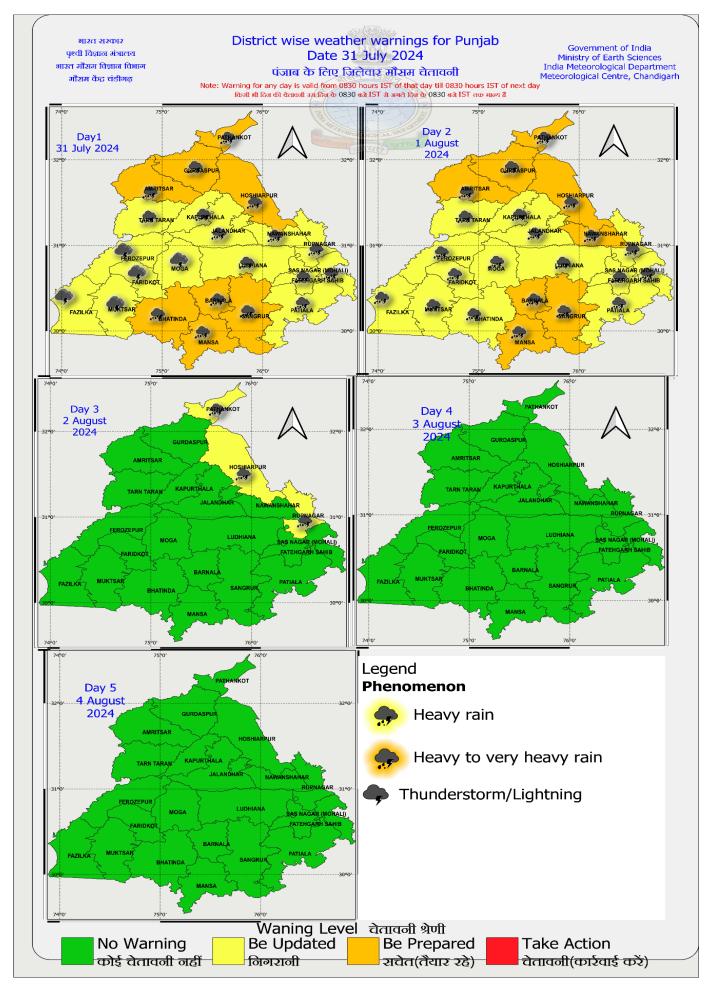
Alert	HEAVY RAIN TO VERY HEAVY RAIN
Expected	
Impacts	Damage to harvested crops lying in open.
mpacts	Water logging of low-lying areas.
	Rise of water level in Rivers and seasonal streams
	Closures of some underpasses.
	Damage to Weak structures.
	Short term Disruptions of Municipal services (Water, Electricity etc)
	• Traffic congestion due to water logging, slippery roads and low visibility may lead to
	increased travel time.
Suggested	• Don't keep harvested crop in open.
Measures	Avoid venturing into water logged areas.
	 Don't stand near weak structures.
	 Avoid application of Fertilizers and Pesticides.
	• Drive carefully during rain.
	• Don't take shelter under trees.
	• Don't go near water bodies
	• Avoid taking shelter in weak structures during thunderstorm.
	During a Thunderstorm event
	• Take safe shelters; do not take shelter under trees.
	Unplug electrical/ electronic appliances.
	Immediately get out of water bodies.
	Keep away from all the objects that conduct electricity.
	 Farming operations may be suspended during the event.

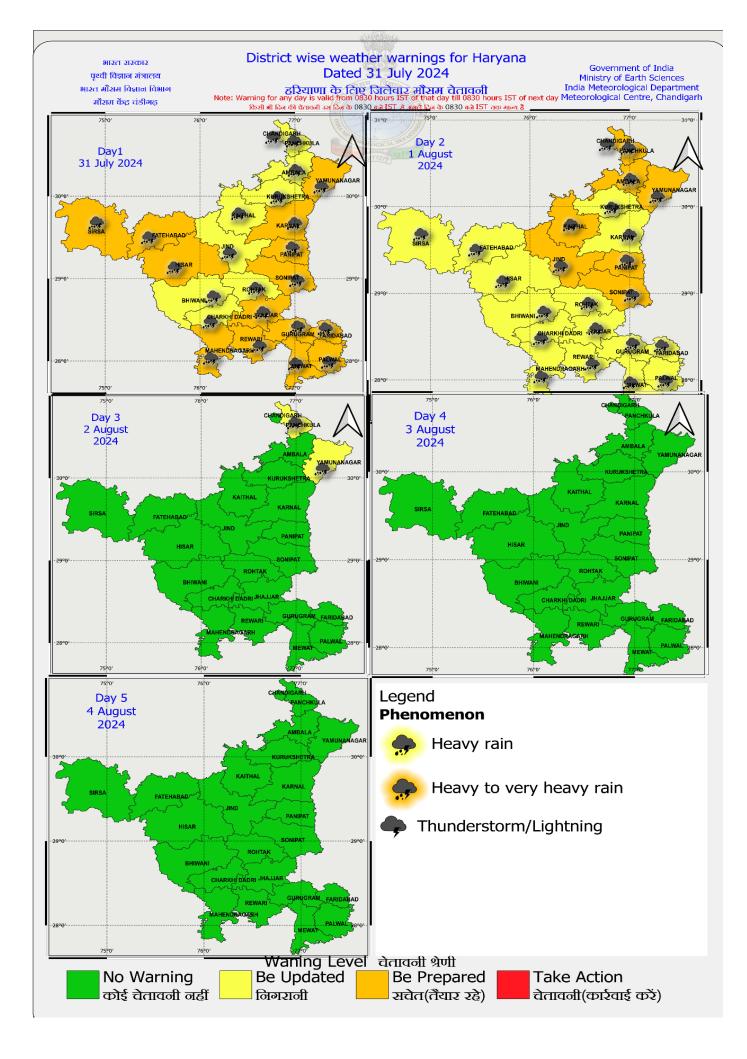
EXPECTED IMPACTS AND SUGGESTED MEASURES FORHEAVY RAINFALL AND THUNDERSTORM/LIGHTNING

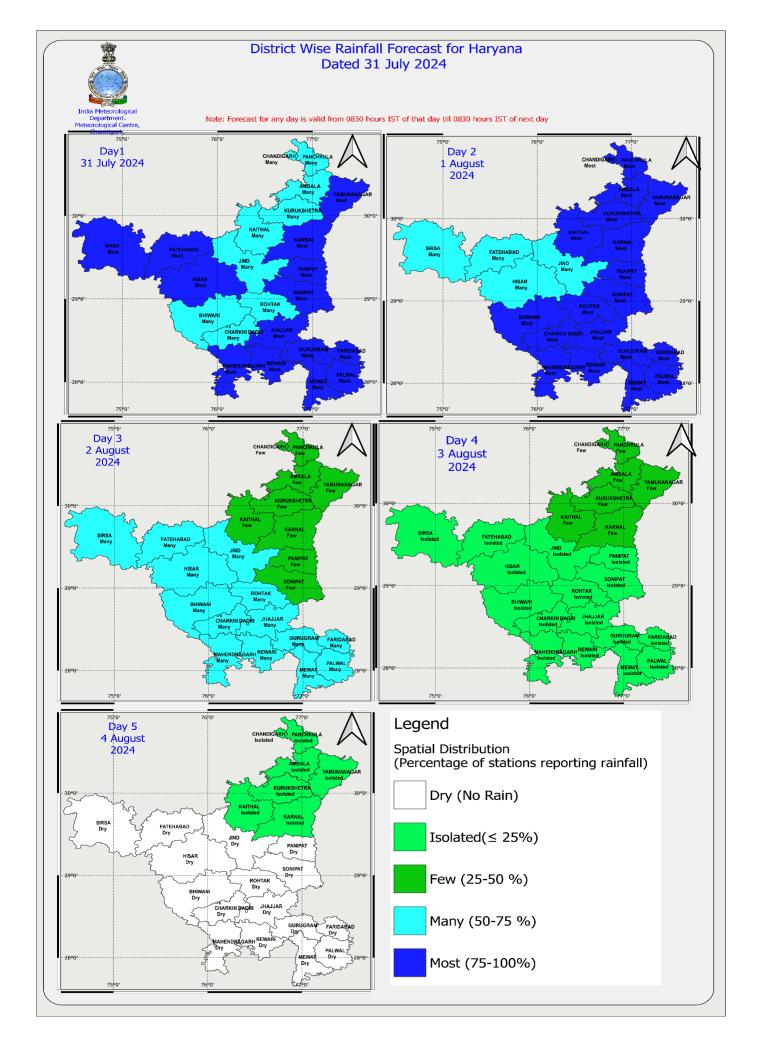
(During 31stJuly to 02nd August2024 over parts of Punjab, Haryana and Chandigarh)

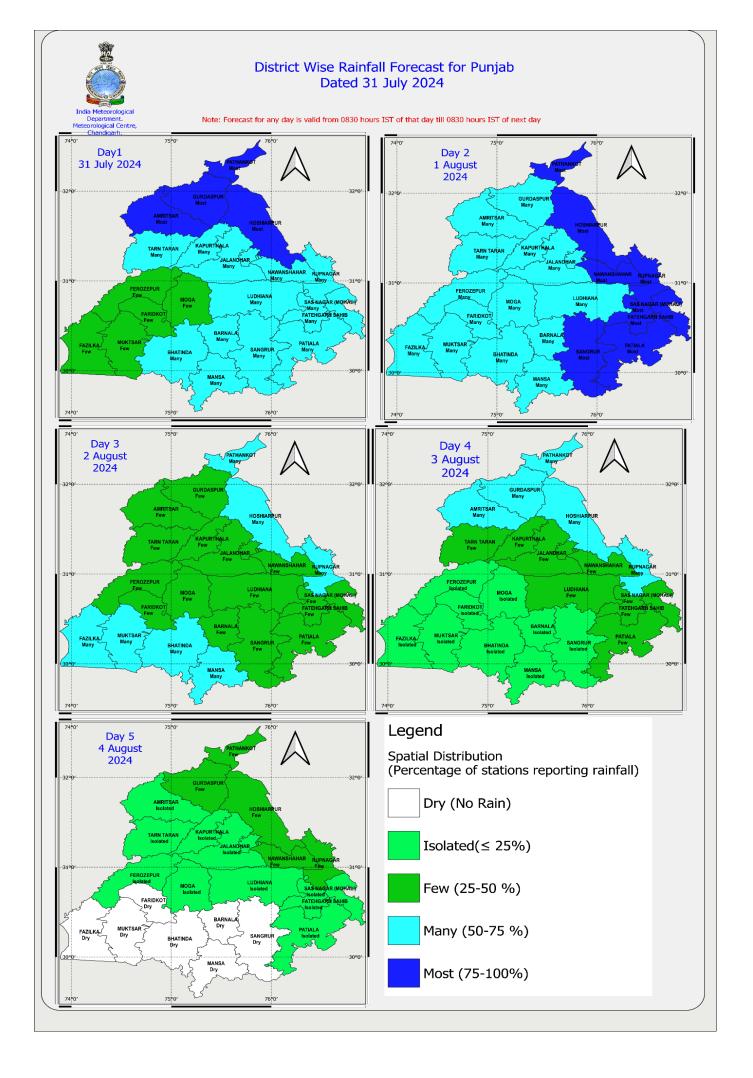
Heavy Rainfall and Thunderstorm/Lightning			
Expected impacts	Suggested measures		
 Damage to harvested crops lying in open. Water logging of low lying areas. Short term Disruptions of Municipal services (Water, Electricity etc) Traffic congestion due to water logging, slippery roads and low visibility may lead to increased travel time. 	 Don't keep harvested crop in open. Avoid venturing into water logged areas. Don't stand near weak structures. Avoid application of Fertilizers and Pesticides. Drive carefully during rain. Don't take shelter under trees. Don't go near water bodies Avoid taking shelter in weak structures during thunderstorm. 		

(Annexure I)









Haryana 2024 monsoon rainfall was normal. There were 30 Excess monsoon years ,57 Normal monsoon years and 37 deficient monsoon years during the period 1901-2024.

 Descriptive Term used	% Departure of Realised rainfall from Normal rainfall	
Large excess	+60% or more	
Excess	+ 20% to +59%.	
Normal	Between - 19 % to + 19 %.	
Deficient	Between - 20 % to - 59 %.	
Large deficient	Between - 60 % to - 99 %.	
No rain	-100%	

Legends

Rainfall			
(Special Distribution of Rainfall)			
Distribution	No. of Places	Description	
Isolated	One or two Places	<25% of stations gets rainfall	
Scattered	At a few Places	(26-50)% of stations gets rainfall	
Fairly Widespread	At many Places	(51-75)% of stations gets rainfall	
Wide spread	At Most place	(76-100)% of stations gets rainfall	
Dry	-	No station reported rainfall	

Intensity of Rainfall		
Descriptive Term used	Rainfall amount in mms	
Very Light Rain	0.1 - 2.4	
Light Rain	2.5 –15.5	
Moderate Rain	15.6–64.4	
Heavy Rain	64.5 - 115.5	
Very Heavy Rain	115.6 - 204.4	
Extremely Heavy Rain	Greater or equal to 204.5mm	

Weekly/Seasonal Rainfall distribution		
(On All India Scale)		
Descriptive Term used	% Departure of Realised rainfall	
Normal	Within ±10 % of the Long Period Average	
Below Normal	< 10% of the Long Period Average	
Above Normal	> 10% of the Long Period Average	

Weekly/Seasonal Rainfall distribution		
(On Regional Scale)		
Descriptive Term used	% Departure of Realised rainfall from Normal rainfall	
Large excess	+60% or more	
Excess	+ 20% to +59%.	
Normal	Between - 19 % to + 19 %.	
Deficient	Between - 20 % to - 59 %.	
Large deficient	Between - 60 % to - 99 %.	
No rain	-100%	